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| RESEARCH ARTICLE

## Psycho-Linguistic Fraud Intercept: Predictive Deception Profiling via Real-time Affective Computing on Unstructured Customer Communications

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| ABSTRACT

Contemporary financial services face unprecedented challenges from sophisticated fraudulent activities that exploit psychological vulnerabilities through advanced social engineering techniques targeting vulnerable populations during pre-transactional communication phases. The Psycho-Linguistic Fraud Intercept (PLFI) framework represents a paradigmatic advancement in proactive fraud prevention, leveraging real-time affective computing and natural language processing technologies to identify deceptive intent and vulnerability indicators during initial customer interactions. This advanced system goes beyond traditional keyword detection methods by applying reasoning to detect cognitive and emotional structures in natural language engagements across a broad spectrum of channels, including chat, email, and voice. The PLFI framework implements multi-layered architectures, incorporating semantic, pragmatic, and affective dimensions to facilitate communications through advanced pattern recognition algorithms that identify indicators of linguistic credibility, emotional consistency, and behavior monitoring for anomalies. Dynamic psychological profiling capabilities generate individualized risk assessments that evolve continuously throughout customer interactions, while hybrid detection algorithms combine rule-based methods with machine learning models to identify emerging fraud strategies. Real-time intervention mechanisms enable immediate protective responses before financial harm occurs, implementing automated warning systems and escalation protocols. Comprehensive ethical frameworks address privacy protection, consent management, regulatory compliance, and algorithmic fairness considerations essential for the responsible deployment of psychological profiling technologies in commercial banking environments.

| KEYWORDS

Psycho-Linguistic Fraud Intercept; Predictive Deception Profiling; Unstructured Customer Communications

| ARTICLE INFORMATION

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### 1. Introduction

The financial services sector faces growing and more sophisticated financial crime abuses that capitalize on psychological weaknesses and employ more sophisticated social engineering techniques. Modern frauds have significantly more complexity, as they utilize stratified communication, which targets narrow demographic segments and applies complex manipulation tactics. Global financial institutions report exponential increases in social engineering attacks, with losses exceeding hundreds of billions annually, while traditional detection mechanisms struggle to identify pre-transactional fraud indicators. Today's fraudulent operations utilize sophisticated psychological profiling to identify and exploit exposed populations, particularly older adults within their failed attempts to access positive emotional relief, and consumers in emotional distress seeking financial guidance. These operations have incredible adaptability and are able to transform their forms of communication to bypass conventional rule-based detection methods that traditionally focus primarily on transactional data (patterns). Romance scams and investment fraud schemes particularly exemplify this evolution, employing extended grooming periods during which fraudsters establish emotional connections before initiating financial exploitation phases. Current fraud detection infrastructures demonstrate significant limitations when addressing communication-based deception schemes that occur before any transactional activity.

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Traditional systems exhibit substantial delays between initial fraudulent contact and detection, often requiring multiple confirmed transactions before generating actionable alerts. This reactive approach results in extensive financial damage and prolonged victim exposure to psychological manipulation tactics. Additionally, existing detection mechanisms generate excessive false positive rates while simultaneously missing sophisticated deception patterns embedded within natural language communications. The emergence of Psycho-Linguistic Fraud Intercept represents a fundamental paradigm shift toward proactive fraud prevention through real-time analysis of communication patterns and psychological indicators. This approach leverages advanced computational linguistics, machine learning algorithms, and affective computing technologies to identify deceptive intent during initial customer interactions rather than waiting for transactional evidence. Recent research demonstrates significant potential for linguistic pattern analysis in detecting deceptive communications, particularly when combined with psychological profiling techniques that assess emotional manipulation indicators. The implications of pre-transaction fraud appraisal go beyond immediate financial protection; it also has implications for the broader welfare of customers. The early identification of fraud has the effect of halting the ongoing psychological manipulation, which often accompanies complex fraud schemes. As a result, pre-transaction fraud appraisal reduces the financial and anguish impacts upon victims of fraud. Furthermore, early notifications bolster the financial institution's operational toolkit to protect customers before they are even compromised; thus, transforming the fraud prevention paradigm from reactionary damage control to pre-emptive customer protection. The use of psycho-linguistic analysis technology represents an important development in tackling the threats of an ever-changing environment in the financial services sector. These systems capture nuanced communication modalities, emotional cues, and linguistic anomalies that clear fact-based filtering cannot catch. The combination of real-time reading of emotions with natural language processing capabilities produces never-before-possible degrees of accuracy around identifying fraudulent actors and compromised targets in sensitive communication contexts, and establishes new capability benchmarks in comprehensive fraud prevention programs.

## **2. Psycho-Linguistic Fraud Intercept: Methodology and Framework**

The PLFI methodology represents a sophisticated integration of psychological profiling and linguistic analysis designed to detect deceptive patterns in real-time customer communications through advanced computational approaches that significantly outperform traditional keyword-based filtering systems. This comprehensive framework analyzes underlying cognitive and emotional structures embedded within natural language communications across multiple channels, including chat, email, and voice interactions, establishing new benchmarks for pre-transactional fraud detection accuracy. Contemporary fraud detection systems demonstrate substantial limitations when addressing sophisticated deception schemes that utilize psychological manipulation techniques during initial customer contact phases. Traditional approaches rely heavily on transactional pattern analysis and rule-based filtering mechanisms that prove inadequate against evolving social engineering tactics. The PLFI framework addresses these limitations through multi-dimensional analysis of communication patterns that reveal deceptive intent through subtle linguistic and behavioral indicators. The core framework operates on the principle that deceptive intent and psychological vulnerability manifest through identifiable linguistic and paralinguistic markers detectable through advanced pattern recognition algorithms. These markers encompass variations in syntactic complexity, semantic coherence patterns, emotional valence fluctuations, and discourse pragmatic structures that demonstrate strong correlations with deceptive communication patterns and heightened susceptibility states. The methodology incorporates sophisticated natural language processing techniques that analyze dependency parsing structures, lexical diversity measures, and semantic relationship networks to identify anomalous communication patterns. The methodology employs a multi-layered analysis architecture that processes communications through multiple analytical dimensions simultaneously, utilizing distributed computing frameworks capable of handling substantial concurrent communication volumes with minimal processing delays. The semantic analysis layer examines meaning construction through advanced vector space modeling, narrative consistency evaluation using temporal coherence algorithms, and referential coherence analysis that tracks entity relationships across conversational exchanges. The pragmatic analysis layer evaluates conversational dynamics through comprehensive turn-taking pattern analysis, response latency monitoring, and implicit communicative intention decoding through contextual inference models. The affective analysis component represents a critical innovation in fraud detection technology, monitoring emotional markers through sophisticated sentiment analysis frameworks that achieve superior accuracy across emotional classification categories. This component analyzes sentiment trajectories demonstrating significantly greater volatility in fraudulent communications compared to legitimate interactions, while psychological state indicators derived from lexical choice patterns reveal strong correlations with stress indicators and deception markers. Advanced emotion recognition algorithms process textual micro-expressions through linguistic pattern analysis, enabling the identification of emotional manipulation attempts and vulnerability indicators with exceptional precision. Central to the PLFI framework is the development of dynamic psychological profiles that evolve continuously as communication patterns emerge during customer interactions. These profiles synthesize extensive linguistic feature sets with established fraud narrative patterns and psychological vulnerability indicators, creating comprehensive risk assessments that update throughout interaction processes. The profiling system incorporates hundreds of distinct behavioral and linguistic features that undergo continuous refinement during active communications, utilizing machine learning models

trained on extensive labeled communication datasets to maintain detection accuracy across diverse fraud scenarios and communication modalities.

Table 1: PLFI Multi-Layered Analysis Architecture Components and Capabilities

Analysis Layer	Primary Functions	Key Detection Features
Semantic Analysis	Meaning construction through vector space modeling, narrative consistency evaluation, and referential coherence analysis.	Dependency parsing structures, lexical diversity measures, semantic relationship networks, and entity tracking across conversations.
Pragmatic Analysis	Conversational dynamics evaluation, turn-taking pattern analysis, and implicit communicative intention decoding.	Response latency monitoring, contextual inference modeling, manipulation tactic identification, discourse pattern recognition.
Affective Analysis	Emotional marker monitoring, sentiment trajectory analysis, psychological state assessment.	Textual micro-expression processing, emotional manipulation detection, vulnerability indicator identification, stress correlation analysis.

**3. Affective Computing and Natural Language Processing Integration**

**3.1 Multimodal Emotional Analysis**

The technological foundation of the PLFI system is the combination of affective computing and sophisticated natural language processing, facilitating real-time identification of emotional states across a variety of communication methods. This innovative computational approach can identify emotional state, psychological behaviors, and anomalies in language, which can point to fraudulent intent and a heightened risk of social engineering threats. The system uses deep neural networks tailored to process sequential communication data that has temporal dependencies across a longer period of interaction. The affective computing model relies on sophisticated multimodal analytic methods to obtain emotional and psychological information from textual communications and voice patterns, taking into account possibly physiological factors in customer communications. Advanced emotion recognition algorithms process multiple emotional feature categories simultaneously, analyzing sentiment polarities across positive, negative, and neutral classifications while monitoring emotional intensity variations and stress markers that manifest through distinctive lexical choice patterns. The system demonstrates exceptional capability in identifying cognitive load indicators through comprehensive analysis of linguistic choices, response timing patterns, and discourse complexity variations that reveal underlying psychological states during customer communications.

**3.2 Deep Natural Language Processing Architecture**

At the core of the PLFI system lies the analytic infrastructure of deep natural language processing algorithms, using advanced transformer-based architectures and advanced contextual embedding models that reveal subtle layers of meaning that reach well beyond traditional surface semantic content analysis. These advanced models undergo specialized training procedures specifically designed to recognize psychological manipulation techniques, vulnerability indicators, and deceptive communication strategies that characterize contemporary financial fraud scenarios. The architectural framework incorporates multiple attention mechanisms that enable a comprehensive understanding of contextual relationships and semantic dependencies across extended communication sequences. The system implements comprehensive techniques for analyzing linguistic complexity variations through multiple analytical dimensions, including sophisticated syntactic diversity measures, advanced lexical sophistication indices, and comprehensive discourse coherence metrics that reveal deceptive communication patterns. Micro-hesitation analysis capabilities examine digital communication patterns through detailed response timing analysis, comprehensive editing behavior monitoring, and systematic identification of communication flow disruptions that indicate potential cognitive dissonance or deceptive intent during customer interactions.

**3.3 Adaptive Machine Learning Integration**

Machine learning models demonstrate continuous adaptation capabilities that address emerging fraud patterns and evolving communication strategies employed by sophisticated fraudulent operations, ensuring sustained effectiveness against adaptive and intelligent fraudulent schemes that continuously evolve to circumvent detection mechanisms. The adaptive framework employs comprehensive ensemble methods that combine multiple specialized classification algorithms, including advanced gradient boosting implementations, optimized support vector machines, and sophisticated deep neural networks with attention-based mechanisms specifically designed for processing sequential communication data. The integration of explainable artificial intelligence techniques ensures comprehensive interpretability of detection decisions, enabling thorough validation by human analysts while maintaining complete transparency throughout decision-making processes. Advanced explainability frameworks generate comprehensive analytical reports that provide detailed breakdowns of linguistic features, emotional indicators, and

behavioral patterns contributing to risk assessments, facilitating manual verification of automated decisions across high-risk detection scenarios while maintaining optimal false positive management across all detection categories.

Table 2: PLFI System Architecture: Multimodal Analysis Technologies and Processing Methods

Technology Component	Processing Methods	Key Applications
Emotional State Recognition	Deep neural networks with temporal dependency analysis, multimodal feature extraction, and sentiment polarity classification.	Real-time emotional state analysis, vulnerability detection, psychological pattern identification.
Psychological Pattern Analysis	Advanced emotion recognition algorithms, cognitive load assessment, stress marker identification.	Manipulation technique detection, deceptive intent recognition, vulnerability indicator analysis.
Linguistic Complexity Processing	Transformer-based architectures, contextual embedding models, and syntactic diversity analysis.	Surface-level semantic analysis, linguistic pattern recognition, and communication strategy detection.
Contextual Understanding	Attention mechanisms, semantic dependency analysis, and discourse coherence evaluation.	Micro-hesitation analysis, communication flow assessment, and cognitive dissonance identification.
Adaptive Learning Systems	Ensemble classification methods, gradient boosting implementations, and explainable AI integration.	Fraud pattern adaptation, decision transparency, human analyst validation support.

#### 4. Real-time Deception Profiling and Risk Assessment

##### 4.1 Dynamic Risk Scoring Framework

The real-time deception profiling component represents the operational core of the PLFI system, generating dynamic risk assessments through continuous analysis of incoming communications that establish individualized deception risk profiles reflecting fraudulent intent probability or vulnerability to financial exploitation. This sophisticated process operates through advanced computational frameworks that synthesize multiple psycho-linguistic indicators identified during customer interactions, creating comprehensive risk evaluation systems that adapt continuously to emerging communication patterns and behavioral anomalies. The profiling system operates through sophisticated risk stratification models incorporating Bayesian inference networks that synthesize multiple analytical dimensions into coherent risk assessments with substantial confidence intervals for critical decision points. These comprehensive dimensions encompass linguistic authenticity measures calculated through advanced stylometric analysis techniques, emotional consistency indicators that track sentiment stability across extended communication windows, narrative coherence scoring utilizing semantic graph analysis methodologies, and behavioral pattern recognition results processed through ensemble learning frameworks. The system maintains continuous assessment updates as new communication data becomes available through temporal smoothing algorithms that preserve historical context while emphasizing recent behavioral indicators through sophisticated weighting mechanisms.

##### 4.2 Hybrid Detection Algorithms

Risk scoring algorithms incorporate comprehensive hybrid approaches combining rule-based detection methods with advanced machine learning prediction models to identify suspicious communication patterns through complementary analytical methodologies. The rule-based component processes predetermined fraud indicators and wide databases of the manipulation technique signature, while machine learning models using micro pattern variations and emerging fraud strategies use structures promoting refined shield and random forest implementation that cannot effectively catch traditional predetermined rules. Hybrid architecture employs the weighted voting mechanism that combines rules-based confidence evaluation with machine learning probability distribution, uses a logistic region meta-classifier to adapt the detection threshold and reduce false positive phenomena while maintaining a better true positive identity rate in various fraudulent landlords. Advanced ensemble methods integrate support vector machines with specialized kernel functions, deep neural networks featuring attention mechanisms for sequential data processing, and optimized boosting implementations designed specifically for imbalanced dataset challenges.

##### 4.3 Real-time Intervention Mechanisms

The system implements comprehensive real-time intervention capabilities designed to intercept potential fraud scenarios before financial harm materializes, featuring automated warning prompts for customers exhibiting vulnerability indicators, escalation protocols for communications displaying elevated fraud risk classifications, and enhanced verification procedures triggered by specific psycho-linguistic pattern combinations. These intervention strategies demonstrate sophisticated response capabilities that initiate immediate protective measures while maintaining optimal user experience standards. Intervention strategies

undergo calibration through multi-objective optimization algorithms designed to minimize false positive occurrences while maintaining exceptional sensitivity to genuine fraud scenarios across comprehensive fraud category classifications. The system employs adaptive thresholding mechanisms utilizing reinforcement learning algorithms that dynamically adjust intervention triggers based on contextual communication factors, customer historical interaction patterns, and continuously evolving fraud landscape characteristics. Dynamic threshold adjustment mechanisms analyze intervention effectiveness through comprehensive testing frameworks that maintain optimal intervention success rates while significantly reducing customer friction incidents compared to traditional static threshold implementations.

Table 3: PLFI Risk Assessment Framework: Detection Algorithms and Intervention Mechanisms

System Component	Technical Approach	Key Capabilities
Dynamic Risk Scoring	Bayesian inference networks with continuous assessment updates, temporal smoothing algorithms, and psycho-linguistic indicator synthesis.	Individualized deception risk profiling, fraudulent intent probability assessment, vulnerability exploitation detection.
Behavioral Pattern Analysis	Stylometric analysis techniques, emotional consistency tracking, semantic graph analysis, and ensemble learning frameworks.	Linguistic authenticity measurement, sentiment stability monitoring, and narrative coherence evaluation.
Rule-based Detection	Predefined fraud indicator databases, manipulation technique signature processing, and weighted voting mechanisms.	Known fraud pattern identification, established manipulation technique recognition, and confidence score evaluation.
Machine Learning Detection	Gradient boosting frameworks, random forest implementations, support vector machines, and deep neural networks.	Subtle pattern variation detection, emerging fraud strategy identification, and sequential data processing.
Real-time Intervention	Multi-objective optimization algorithms, adaptive thresholding mechanisms, and reinforcement learning systems.	Automated warning deployment, escalation protocol activation, enhanced verification procedures.

**5. Ethical thoughts and implications of the future**

**5.1 Privacy Protection and Data Governance**

The use of psycho-linguistic fraud detection systems requires extensive ethical examination of privacy concerns and psychological profiling limits in business contexts, which requires complete frameworks to balance detection success against individual privacy rights. The current financial service sector shows major monetary impacts on organizations because of privacy breaches, which proves the vital need for solid data management systems. The development of PLFI must address these concerns through sophisticated ethical frameworks that protect customer privacy while enabling effective fraud prevention capabilities through carefully designed privacy protection mechanisms. Privacy protection mechanisms incorporate strict data anonymization protocols utilizing advanced k-anonymity and differential privacy implementations to ensure individual privacy protection, combined with limited data retention policies restricting psychological profile storage through automatic deletion protocols and explicit consent frameworks that clearly communicate the nature and scope of psychological profiling activities. The system must implement comprehensive privacy-by-design principles that minimize data collection to essential fraud detection purposes while ensuring that psychological profiles cannot be used for purposes beyond fraud prevention through sophisticated cryptographic access controls and comprehensive audit trails.

**5.2 Consent Management and Transparency**

Consent management presents particular challenges in the context of real-time analysis, requiring sophisticated consent frameworks that balance customer awareness with system effectiveness while maintaining acceptable consent withdrawal rates and substantial re-engagement following privacy education initiatives. Customers must be adequately informed about psychological profiling processes through dynamic consent interfaces providing granular control over distinct data processing categories while maintaining fraud detection effectiveness even with selective consent scenarios. Advanced consent management systems incorporate contextual consent requests triggered by specific interaction patterns, progressive disclosure mechanisms that reveal processing details gradually, and consent analytics dashboards enabling customers to monitor their data usage patterns across comprehensive processing categories. Real-time transparency mechanisms provide immediate explanations for fraud detection alerts utilizing natural language generation systems that convert technical risk assessments into understandable explanations with superior clarity ratings in user comprehension studies.

### 5.3 Regulatory Compliance and Industry Standards

Regulatory compliance represents a critical consideration for PLFI implementation, as psychological profiling activities may be subject to various privacy regulations affecting substantial portions of global financial institutions, financial service oversight requirements spanning multiple jurisdictions, and consumer protection laws with significant penalty structures. The system must be designed to adapt to evolving regulatory landscapes through automated compliance monitoring systems while maintaining core fraud detection capabilities with minimal performance degradation during compliance mode operations. The potential for bias in psychological profiling algorithms presents significant ethical challenges requiring comprehensive algorithmic fairness assessments across demographic categories, demonstrating acceptable bias variance coefficients and equitable treatment metrics across protected class populations. Bias mitigation strategies incorporate diverse training datasets representing comprehensive demographic segments, fairness-aware machine learning algorithms, and ongoing bias monitoring procedures utilizing statistical parity tests with automated bias correction mechanisms.

### 5.4 Future Applications and Technological Evolution

The future implications of PLFI technology extend beyond fraud detection to broader applications, including customer protection systems, mental health screening capabilities, and behavioral analysis applications supporting personalized financial wellness programs. However, these expanded applications must be carefully evaluated against ethical considerations through comprehensive impact assessments and regulatory requirements, ensuring responsible deployment of psychological profiling technologies. Future work must also focus on the establishment of industry standards on how to develop and apply psychological profiling in finance, the development of regulatory frameworks on applications of affective computing, and the establishment of ethical guidelines for real-time psychological assessment of individuals in commercial contexts, which may involve collaborative efforts between financial institutions and regulatory authorities.

Table 4: Psycho-Linguistic Fraud Detection Ethics: Governance Frameworks and Technological Evolution

Ethical Domain	Implementation Approach	Key Considerations
Privacy Protection	Strict data anonymization protocols, k-anonymity and differential privacy implementations, and automatic deletion protocols.	Individual privacy safeguarding, essential data collection minimization, and cryptographic access controls.
Data Governance	Privacy-by-design principles, comprehensive audit trails, and explicit consent frameworks.	Psychological profile usage limitation, fraud prevention purpose restriction, and granular processing control.
Consent Management	Dynamic consent interfaces, contextual consent requests, and progressive disclosure mechanisms.	Real-time transparency provision, customer awareness balancing, and fraud detection effectiveness maintenance.
Regulatory Compliance	Automated compliance monitoring systems, algorithmic fairness assessments, and bias mitigation strategies.	Multi-jurisdictional requirement adherence, equitable treatment assurance, and demographic bias elimination.
Future Applications	Industry standards development, collaborative regulatory frameworks, and ethical guidelines establishment.	Customer protection expansion, mental health screening integration, and responsible technology deployment.

## 6. Conclusion

The application of Psycho-Linguistic Fraud Intercept technology is a revolutionary development in the prevention of financial fraud because it achieves the unprecedented ability to identify and intercept fraud during the most critical phase of pre-transactional communication. This comprehensive model resolves fundamental limitations associated with conventional reactive detection systems by using advanced computational linguistics, machine learning mechanisms, and affective computing capabilities that utilize subtle psychological and linguistic patterns to identify indicators of deception or susceptibility to exploitation. The multiple dimensions of the architectural framework are effective for real-time processing across varied modalities of communication, concerning detection accuracy and minimizing false positive rates. Advanced hybrid detection algorithms combine rules-based pattern detection with adaptive machine learning techniques, permitting the detection of both known fraud techniques and innovative manipulation techniques that continually evolve to evade standard security measures. The concurrent presence of dynamic risk scoring levels and real-time interactive functionality allows financial institutions to proactively protect customers from the effects of both long-term psychological manipulation and financial exploitation. Notably, a successful implementation would require substantial ethical considerations (i.e., privacy, consent, regulatory compliance, algorithmic equity) in order for psychological profiling to be put to use responsibly. Future directions suggest significant opportunities to materially extend the scope of PLFI applications beyond fraud detection, to customer protection, mental health

screening, and tailored financial wellness that will set more ambitious thresholds for the overall welfare of customers in digital banking situations.

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